Cloud-Native Networking, Home Edition

Build and connect your VPCs with the Open Network Fabric

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Open Network Fabric

Make on-premises cloud infrastructure **easy** by abstracting the network away

Agenda

- Can I have a cloud at home, please?
- What's Open Network Fabric?
- What does it look like?

Can I have a cloud at home, please?

The cloud: back to the origins*

In the beginning...

• There were binaries and libraries and messy dependencies

Let there be virtualization!

- ... And there were virtual machines
- Too many resources, too slow

Let there be containers!

- ... And there was Docker
- But how to orchestrate the containers?





^{*} Warning: Oversimplification detected. This recollection of events may not be 100% accurate.

"We need a ship's wheel with 7 handles"

... And all that comes with it.



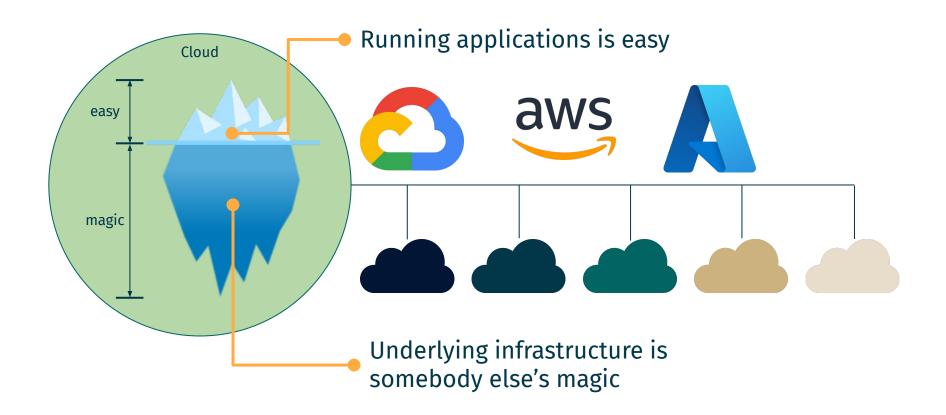
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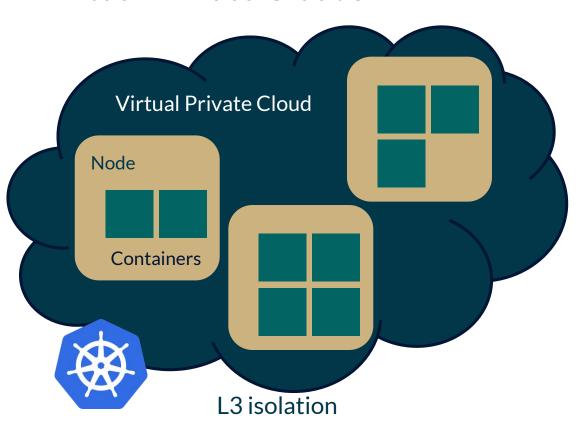


And all became immediately simpler.

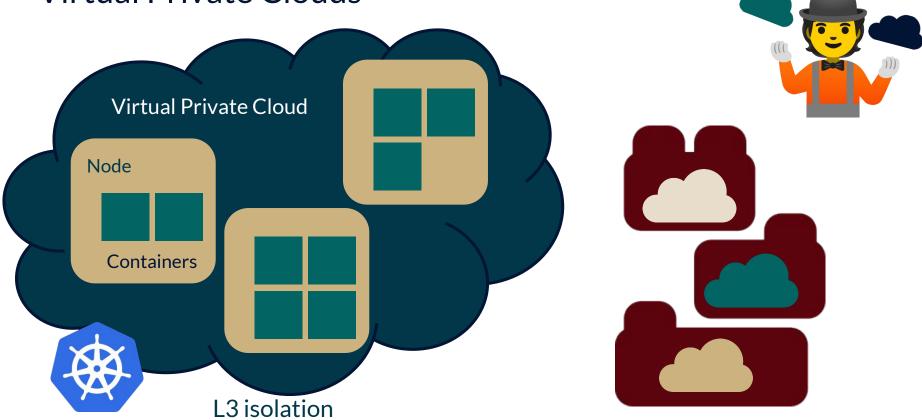
Cloud providers to the rescue



Virtual Private Clouds



Virtual Private Clouds



Building blocks for a cloud infrastructure

What if I want a cloud on my own hardware?

Motivations

- Costs: buying GPUs can be more interesting than renting them
- Latency: Edge Computing to move compute closer to source of data
- Compliance: on-prems processing required

Use cases

- Cloud decentralisation (specialised, distributed clouds)
- Edge computing (smart city, industrial IoT, 5G edge)
- What else? 🤔

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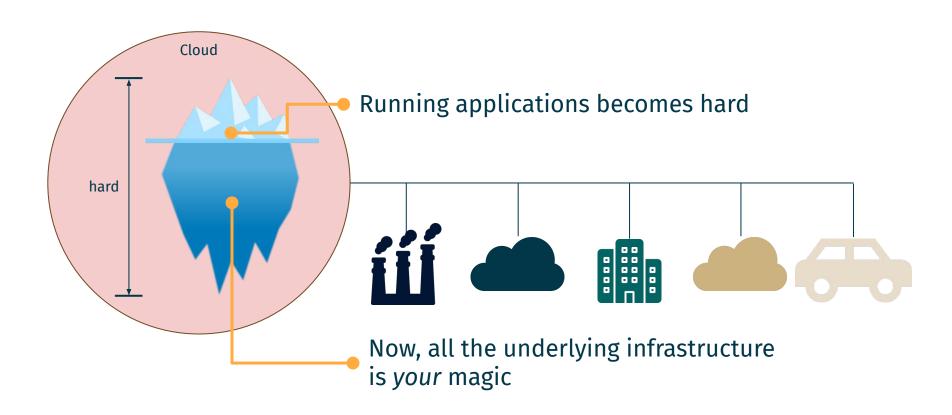
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Building a cloud on-premises



Open Network Fabric

Objective: deploy a cloud infra on commodity hardware

User's hardware: branded or white-box commodity switches, servers

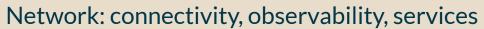




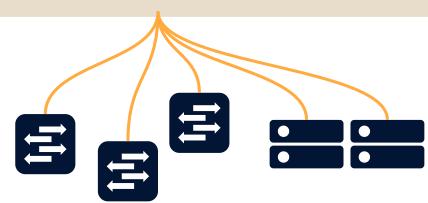




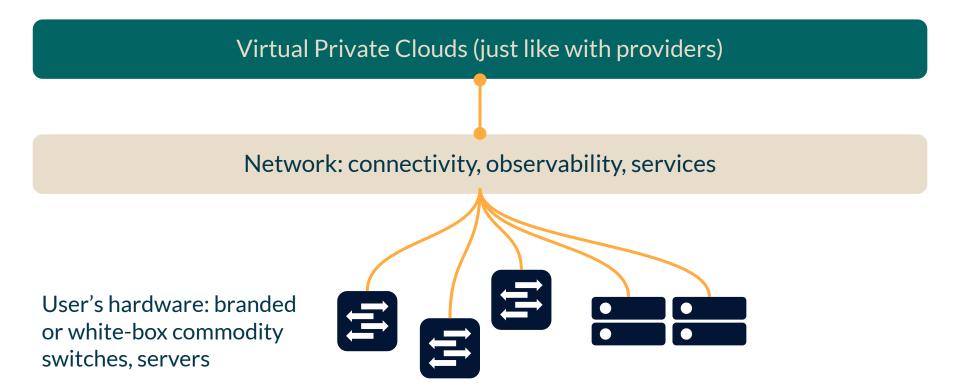
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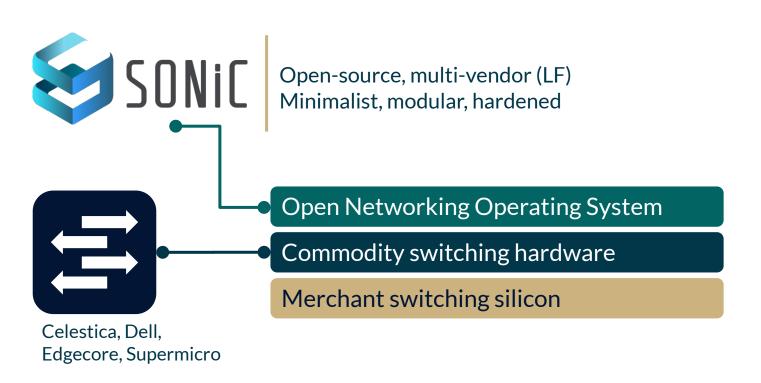
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What components in Open Network Fabric?



SONiC operating system for switches



Kubernetes as Control Plane



Works and feels like a K8s cluster

Integrates into cloud-native operational and observability stacks

GitOps, Infrastructure-as-Code



Control Plane

Open Networking Operating System

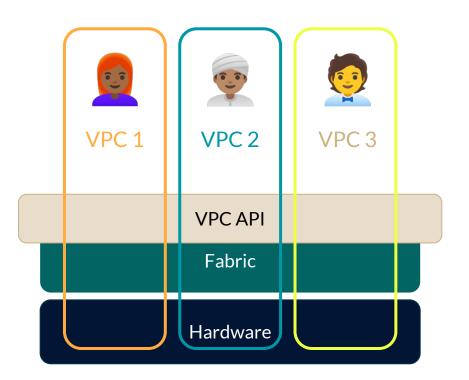
Commodity switching hardware

Merchant switching silicon



Celestica, Dell, Edgecore, Supermicro

Result: VPC as a Service



Open Network Fabric provides a VPC API

Same abstractions and tools as with cloud providers

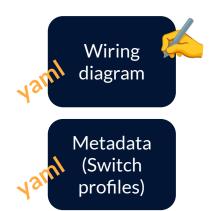
Under the hood: VXLAN-based BGP EVPN

Flexible policies and services

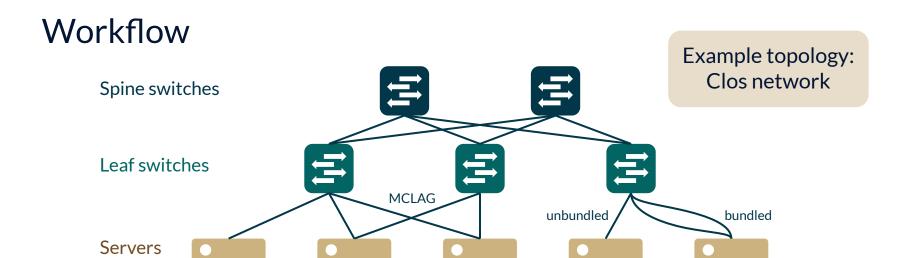
- VPC Policies
- Simple peering API (local intra/inter-VPC, external)
- IPAM, DHCP, DHCP-relay

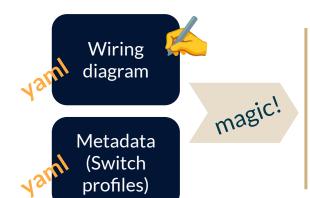
Workflow Spine switches Leaf switches MCLAG MCLAG Munbundled bundled bundled

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Servers





Switches automatically bootstrapped, imaged, configured

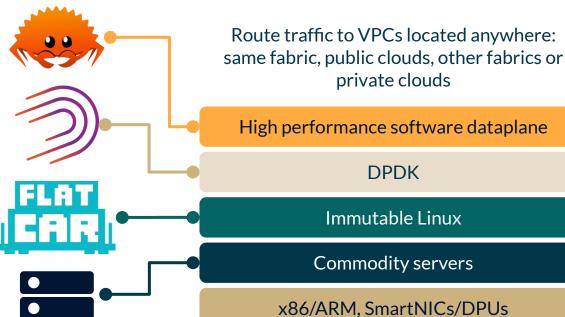
"Zero-touch" provisioning, updates, maintenance

Get VPCs; no network knowledge required 👌



The Gateway





User's hardware: branded or white-box commodity servers and DPUs

Inter-VPC Work in progress routing NAT/PAT The Gateway L3/L4 SLB Route traffic to VPCs located anywhere: same fabric, public clouds, other fabrics or **VPC QoS** private clouds High performance software dataplane Inter* **DPDK** gateway **Immutable Linux VXLAN** Commodity servers x86/ARM, SmartNICs/DPUs User's hardware: branded **IPsec Firewall** or white-box commodity WireGuard • • • servers and DPUs

What does it look like?

The elephant in the room

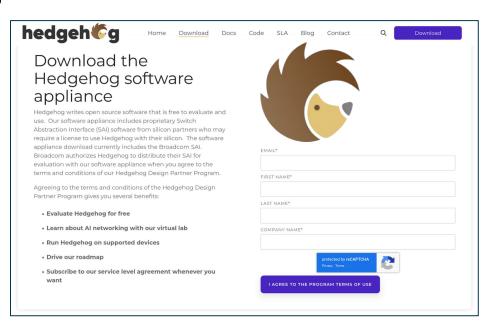




Open-source with caveats

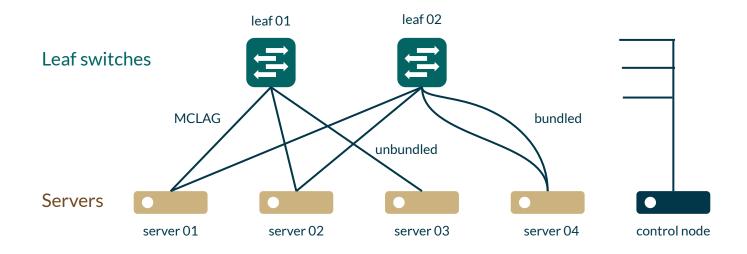
Issues we need to fix:

- Registration required for testing the project (2)
 (Broadcom SONiC image needed, upstream SONiC not yet supported)
- Confusion between project and product, "Hedgehog Fabric" everywhere in docs.
 Hedgehog Fabric == Open Network Fabric



But all code for Open Network Fabric itself is open-source

Sample topology for the demo



Objective: deploy fabric, create two VPCs on servers 1-2, connect them First step: install tools, then init, download, build, bootstrap the Fabric

```
15:25:53 INF Generated initial config

15:25:53 INF Adjust configs (incl. credentials, modes, subnets, etc.)

file=fab.yaml

15:25:53 INF Include wiring files (.yaml) or adjust imported ones

dir=include

ubuntu@vlab-quentin:~$ ls fab.yaml

Fab.yaml
```

```
ubuntu@vlab-quentin:~$ hhfab vlab gen
15:26:27 INF Hedgehog Fabricator version=v0.32.1
15:26:27 INF Building VLAB wiring diagram fabricMode=collapsed-core
15:26:27 INF >>> mclagLeafsCount=2 mclagSessionLinks=2 mclagPeerLinks=2
15:26:27 INF >>> orphanLeafsCount=0 vpcLoopbacks=2
15:26:27 INF >>> mclagServers=2 eslagServers=2 unbundledServers=1
bundledServers=1
15:26:27 INF Generated wiring file name=vlab.generated.yaml
```

```
ubuntu@vlab-quentin:~$ hhfab vlab up
15:27:13 INF Hedgehog Fabricator version=v0.32.1
[ ... ]
15:27:23 INF Downloading name=fabricator/hhfabctl version=v0.32.1 type=oras
[ ... ]
Downloading images
                                               465.87 KiB / 465.87 KiB "
                                                                              done
Downloading boot
                                                    2.06 MiB / 2.06 MiB :
                                                                              done
Downloading EFI
                                                    2.02 MiB / 2.02 MiB "
                                                                              done
Downloading flatcar production image.bin.bz2 493.28 MiB / 493.28 MiB :
                                                                              done
[ \dots ]
15:30:13 INF Preparing new vm=control-1 type=control
15:30:28 INF Preparing new vm=server-01 type=server
15:30:29 INF Preparing new vm=server-02 type=server
15:30:31 INF Preparing new vm=server-03 type=server
15:30:33 INF Preparing new vm=server-04 type=server
15:30:34 INF Preparing new vm=leaf-01 type=switch
15:30:36 INF Preparing new vm=leaf-02 type=switch
15:30:36 INF Starting VMs count=7 cpu="22 vCPUs" ram="19456 MB" disk="240 GB"
[ ... ]
15:42:04 INF Control node is ready vm=control-1 type=control
15:42:04 INF All VMs are ready
[ keeps running in foreground ]
```

```
ubuntu@vlab-quentin:~$ hhfab vlab ssh
[ ... ]
core@control-1 ~ $
core@control-1 ~ $ kubectl get switch
         PROFILE
                                                 GROUPS
                                                                LOCATIONUUID
                                                                                AGE
NAME
                    ROLE
                                  DESCR
                   server-leaf VS-01 MCLAG 1
                                                   ["mclag-1"]
leaf-01 vs
                                                                               10m
                   server-leaf VS-02 MCLAG 1
                                                   ["mclag-1"]
leaf-02
          ٧S
                                                                               10m
core@control-1 ~ $ kubectl fabric inspect switch -n leaf-01
                                  GROUPS SERIAL
                                                   STATE
                                                           GEN APPLIED HEARTBEAT
NAME PROFILE
                   ROLE
leaf-01 Virtual Switch server-leaf
                                       mclag-1
                                                      Pending 0/1
Ports (in use):
                                                                          ADM/OP (TRANSC) SPEED
                                  CONNECTION
NAME NOS
                   TYPE
TRANSCEIVER
E1/1 Ethernet0
                   mclag-domain
                                  leaf-01--mclag-domain--leaf-02
                                  leaf-01--mclag-domain--leaf-02
E1/2 Ethernet1
                   mclag-domain
                                  leaf-01--mclag-domain--leaf-02
E1/3 Ethernet2
                   mclag-domain
E1/4 Ethernet3
                                  leaf-01--mclag-domain--leaf-02
                   mclag-domain
E1/5 Ethernet4
                   mclag
                                  server-01--mclag--leaf-01--leaf-02
                                  server-02--mclag--leaf-01--leaf-02
server-03--unbundled--leaf-01
E1/6 Ethern<u>et5</u>
                   mclag
E1/7 Ethernet6
                   unbundled
Port Counters (↓ In ↑ Out):
            UTIL % BITS/SEC IN BITS/SEC OUT
                                                 PKTS/SEC IN
                                                                PKTS/SEC OUT
NAME SPEED
                                                                               ERRORS
                                                                                        DISCARDS
```

| ... |

--connection server-02--mclag--leaf-01--leaf-02

16:52:52 INF VPCAttachment created name=vpc-2--default--server-02--mclag--leaf-01--leaf-02

Attach new VPCs to existing connections

```
coredserver-01 ~ $ hhnet cleanup coredserver-01 ~ $ hhnet bond 1001 enp2s1 enp2s2 10.0.1.10/24
```

PING 10.0.2.10 (10.0.2.10) 56(84) bytes of data.

From 10.0.1.1 icmp_seq=1 Destination Net Unreachable From 10.0.1.1 icmp_seq=2 Destination Net Unreachable

core@server-01 ~ \$ ping 10.0.2.10

Setup bond interface on servers

```
core@server-02 ~ $ hhnet cleanup
core@server-02 ~ $ hhnet bond 1002 enp2s1 enp2s2
10.0.2.10/24
```

```
From 10.0.1.1 icmp_seq=3 Destination Net Unreachable
^C
--- 10.0.2.10 ping statistics -
3 packets transmitted, 0 received, +3 errors, 100% packet loss, time 2003ms
```

No connectivity

```
Core@server-01 ~ $ ping 10.0.2.10

PING 10.0.2.10 (10.0.2.10) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from 10.0.2.10: icmp_seq=1 ttl=62 time=6.25 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.2.10: icmp_seq=2 ttl=62 time=7.60 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.2.10: icmp_seq=3 ttl=62 time=8.60 ms

^C

--- 10.0.2.10 ping statistics —

3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 2004ms

rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 6.245/7.481/8.601/0.965 ms
```

core@control-1 ~ \$ kubectl fabric vpc peer --vpc vpc-1 --vpc vpc-2

16:58:04 INF VPCPeering created name=vpc-1--vpc-2

Thank you!

Open Network Fabric

github.com/githedgehog
Contributions welcome!

